Marine Ecotoxicology Overview



Interdisciplinary research focused on identifying chemical and bacterial contaminants associated with agriculture, urbanization, dredging operations, and industrial discharges and their resulting toxicological and ecological impacts on marine and estuarine ecosystems.



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Marine Ecotoxicology Branch

Center for Coastal Environmental Health & Biomolecular Research



Research

Areas

Toxicology Physiology

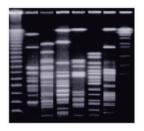
Focused on understanding the effects associated with

environmental estuarine an emphasis ment of sub-(biomarkers) exposure and



contaminants in ecosystems with on the developlethal indicators of contaminant stress.

Environmental Microbiology



Developing methods to distinguish human vs. animal sources of bacterial contamination.

Chemical Contaminants

Chemical analysis of environmental samples for field / laboratory toxicity studies and development of new analytical techniques for environmental samples.



Ecotoxicology

Conducts ecological research on anthropogenic incoastal zone. Reestablish linkages and the presence chemical conmarine environ-



cal and toxicologinatural and fluences in the search efforts to between land use of & effects of taminants in ments.

Ecotoxicological Modeling

Develops mathematical and visual models of both perturbations to estuarine systems and of pharmacological responses to xenobiotics in sentinel organisms.



Toxicity Testing

- Test Species:
 microbial food web
 assessment, phyto
 plankton, zooplankton,
 meiobenthos, bivalves,
 shrimp, fish.
 - ial food web
 nent, phyto
 on, zooplankton,
 nthos, bivalves,
- Endpoints: mortality, reproduction, development, growth / productivity, metabolism.
- Types of Assays: aquatic, sediment, trophic transfer.
- Biomarkers: specific and nonspecific.

Mesocosm Testing

- Simulated salt-marsh ecosystem
- Applications of environmental biomarkers.
- Integration of single-species toxicity testing with field testing and monitoring data.
- Dredge spoil and bioremediation assessments.



Field Testing & Monitoring &

- Collection and analysis of surface waters, sediments, and tissue samples for the presence of contaminants associated with urbanization and agriculture.
- Field deployment / assessment of bioassay organisms.



Analytical Capabilities

Quantification of persistent (PAHs, PCBs) and nonpersistent (organophosphates, organochlorines) organic compounds and trace metals in sediments, tissues, semipermeable membrane devices and water.

Instrumentation: includes ICP, GC-ECD, AA, GC-NPD, GC/MS and HPLC.